

2014年 医学部 第12問


 数理
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12 $f(x) = (x-a_1)(x-a_2)(x-a_3)$ とし, $g(x) = \sum_{k=1}^3 \frac{f(x) \cdot b_k}{f'(a_k) \cdot (x-a_k)}$ とする. $g(x)$ を $px^2 + qx + r$ の形で表したときの p, q, r の値を求めよ. ただし, $a_1 = 1, a_2 = -2, a_3 = -1, b_1 = 12, b_2 = 3, b_3 = 4$ とする.

$$f(x) = x^3 - (a_1 + a_2 + a_3)x^2 + (a_1a_2 + a_2a_3 + a_3a_1)x - a_1a_2a_3 \quad \text{より}$$

$$f'(x) = 3x^2 - 2(a_1 + a_2 + a_3)x + a_1a_2 + a_2a_3 + a_3a_1$$

$$\begin{aligned} \therefore f'(a_k) \text{ は } f'(a_1) &= 3a_1^2 - 2(a_1^2 + a_1a_2 + a_1a_3) + a_1a_2 + a_2a_3 + a_3a_1 \\ &= a_1^2 - a_1a_2 - a_1a_3 + a_2a_3 \\ &= a_1^2 - (a_2 + a_3)a_1 + a_2a_3 \\ &= (a_1 - a_2)(a_1 - a_3) \end{aligned}$$

$$f'(a_2), f'(a_3) \text{ も同様 } \therefore f'(a_2) = (a_2 - a_1)(a_2 - a_3), f'(a_3) = (a_3 - a_1)(a_3 - a_2)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \therefore g(x) &= \frac{(x-a_1)(x-a_2)(x-a_3) \cdot b_1}{(a_1-a_2)(a_1-a_3)(x-a_1)} + \frac{(x-a_1)(x-a_2)(x-a_3) \cdot b_2}{(a_2-a_1)(a_2-a_3)(x-a_2)} + \frac{(x-a_1)(x-a_2)(x-a_3) \cdot b_3}{(a_3-a_1)(a_3-a_2)(x-a_3)} \\ &= \frac{b_1(x-a_2)(x-a_3)}{(a_1-a_2)(a_1-a_3)} + \frac{b_2(x-a_1)(x-a_3)}{(a_2-a_1)(a_2-a_3)} + \frac{b_3(x-a_1)(x-a_2)}{(a_3-a_1)(a_3-a_2)} \\ &= \frac{12(x+2)(x+1)}{3 \cdot 2} + \frac{3(x-1)(x+1)}{-3 \cdot (-1)} + \frac{4(x-1)(x+2)}{-2 \cdot 1} \\ &= 2(x^2 + 3x + 2) + x^2 - 1 - 2(x^2 + x - 2) \\ &= x^2 + 4x + 7 \end{aligned}$$

$$\therefore \underline{p=1, q=4, r=7} \quad \text{''}$$