



2014年教育・経済学部第2問

2 直角三角形でない三角形 ABC において、頂点 A, B, C に対応する角の大きさを A, B, C で表すことにする。このとき、次の3つの等式が成り立つことを証明せよ。

$$(1) \frac{\cos A}{\sin B \sin C} = 1 - \frac{1}{\tan B \tan C}$$

$$(2) \tan A + \tan B + \tan C = \tan A \tan B \tan C$$

$$(3) \frac{\cos A}{\sin B \sin C} + \frac{\cos B}{\sin C \sin A} + \frac{\cos C}{\sin A \sin B} = 2$$

$$\begin{aligned} (1) \text{ (左辺)} &= 1 - \frac{\cos B \cos C}{\sin B \sin C} \\ &= \frac{\sin B \sin C - \cos B \cos C}{\sin B \sin C} \\ &= \frac{-\cos(B+C)}{\sin B \sin C} \\ &= \frac{-\cos(\pi-A)}{\sin B \sin C} \quad \leftarrow \begin{array}{l} A+B+C=\pi \\ \text{より} \end{array} \\ &= \frac{\cos A}{\sin B \sin C} \\ &= \text{(右辺)} \quad \square \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} (2) \text{ (左辺)} - \text{(右辺)} &= \tan A + \tan B + \tan C - \tan A \tan B \tan C \\ &= \frac{\sin A \cos B \cos C + \sin B \cos A \cos C + \sin C \cos A \cos B}{\cos A \cos B \cos C} \\ &\quad - \frac{\sin A \sin B \sin C}{\cos A \cos B \cos C} \\ &= \frac{\sin A (\cos B \cos C - \sin B \sin C) + \cos A (\sin B \cos C + \cos B \sin C)}{\cos A \cos B \cos C} \\ &= \frac{\sin A \cos(B+C) + \cos A \sin(B+C)}{\cos A \cos B \cos C} \\ &= \frac{\sin(A+B+C)}{\cos A \cos B \cos C} \\ &= \frac{\sin \pi}{\cos A \cos B \cos C} \\ &= 0 \quad \square \end{aligned}$$

(3) (1)より

$$\begin{aligned} \text{(左辺)} &= 1 - \frac{1}{\tan B \tan C} + 1 - \frac{1}{\tan C \tan A} + 1 - \frac{1}{\tan A \tan B} \\ &= 3 - \frac{\tan A + \tan B + \tan C}{\tan A \tan B \tan C} \\ &= 3 - 1 \quad \leftarrow \text{(2)より.} \\ &= 2 \quad \square \end{aligned}$$