



2012年理系第3問

3 数列 $\{c_n\}$ を次のように定義する.

$$c_1 = 1, \quad c_{n+1} = 1 + \frac{1}{2^{n+1}} + \frac{1}{3} \left(c_n + \frac{1}{4^{n+1}} \right) \quad (n = 1, 2, 3, \dots)$$

次の問に答えよ.

(1) $n \geq 2$ のとき, $a_n = 1 + \frac{1}{2^n} + \frac{1}{3} \cdot \frac{1}{4^n}$ とする. このとき, $c_n = \frac{1}{3^{n-1}} + \sum_{i=2}^n \frac{a_i}{3^{n-i}}$ ($n = 2, 3, 4, \dots$) が成り立つことを示せ.

(2) $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} c_n$ を求めよ.

(1) 与えられた漸化式 $c_{n+1} = 1 + \frac{1}{2^{n+1}} + \frac{1}{3} \left(c_n + \frac{1}{4^{n+1}} \right)$ の両辺に 3^{n+1} をかけて

$$3^{n+1} \cdot c_{n+1} = 3^{n+1} + 3^{n+1} \left(\frac{1}{2^{n+1}} + \frac{1}{3} \cdot \frac{1}{4^{n+1}} \right)$$

$$\therefore 3^{n+1} c_{n+1} = 3^{n+1} + 3^{n+1} \cdot a_{n+1}$$

※ 数列 $\{b_n\}$ を $b_n = 3^n c_n$ ($n = 1, 2, \dots$) で定めると,

$$b_{n+1} - b_n = 3^{n+1} a_{n+1}$$

$$\therefore b_n = b_1 + \sum_{k=1}^{n-1} 3^{k+1} a_{k+1} \quad (n = 2, 3, \dots)$$

) Σ の添え字を1つずらした

$$\therefore 3^n c_n = 3 \cdot c_1 + \sum_{k=2}^n 3^k a_k$$

$$\therefore c_n = \frac{1}{3^{n-1}} + \sum_{k=2}^n \frac{a_k}{3^{n-k}} \quad (n = 2, 3, 4, \dots) \quad \square$$

$$(2) c_n = \frac{1}{3^{n-1}} + \frac{1}{3^n} \sum_{k=2}^n 3^k \left(1 + \frac{1}{2^k} + \frac{1}{3} \cdot \frac{1}{4^k} \right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{3^{n-1}} + \frac{1}{3^n} \left\{ \sum_{k=2}^n 3^k + \sum_{k=2}^n \left(\frac{3}{2} \right)^k + \frac{1}{3} \sum_{k=2}^n \left(\frac{3}{4} \right)^k \right\}$$

$$= \frac{1}{3^{n-1}} + \frac{1}{3^n} \left(\frac{9(1-3^{n-1})}{1-3} - 3 + \frac{\frac{9}{4} \{1 - (\frac{3}{2})^{n-1}\}}{1 - \frac{3}{2}} - \frac{3}{2} + \frac{1}{3} \cdot \frac{\frac{9}{16} \{1 - (\frac{3}{4})^{n-1}\}}{1 - \frac{3}{4}} - \frac{1}{3} \cdot \frac{3}{4} \right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{3^{n-1}} + \frac{1}{3^n} \left\{ \frac{3}{2} \cdot 3^n + 3 \cdot \left(\frac{3}{2} \right)^n - \left(\frac{3}{4} \right)^n - 13 \right\}$$

$$= \frac{1}{3^{n-1}} + \frac{3}{2} + \frac{3}{2^n} - \frac{1}{4^n} - \frac{13}{3^n}$$

$$\therefore \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} c_n = \frac{3}{2} //$$