

2016年医学部第22問

 教理  
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22 関数  $f(x) = ax^3 + bx^2 + cx + d$  ( $a \neq 0$ ) と関数  $g(x) = px^3 + qx^2 + rx + s$  ( $p \neq 0$ ) について考える ( $a, b, c, d, p, q, r, s$  は実数).

$f(x) + 3g(x) = -x^2$ ,  $f'(x) + g'(x) = 2x^2 - 4$ ,  $g(0) = 1$  が全て成立しているとき,  $|2aq|$  の値を求めよ.

$$f(x) + 3g(x) = (a+3p)x^3 + (b+3q)x^2 + (c+3r)x + d+3s$$

$$\therefore \begin{cases} a+3p=0 & \cdots \textcircled{1} \\ b+3q=-1 & \cdots \textcircled{2} \\ c+3r=0 & \cdots \textcircled{3} \\ d+3s=0 & \cdots \textcircled{4} \end{cases}$$

$$f'(x) + g'(x) = (3a+3p)x^2 + (2b+2q)x + c+r$$

$$\therefore \begin{cases} 3a+3p=2 & \cdots \textcircled{5} \\ 2b+2q=0 & \cdots \textcircled{6} \\ c+r=-4 & \cdots \textcircled{7} \end{cases}$$

$$g(0) = 1 \text{ より, } s = 1 \cdots \textcircled{8}$$

$$\textcircled{1}, \textcircled{5} \text{ より, } a = 1, p = -\frac{1}{3}$$

$$\textcircled{2}, \textcircled{6} \text{ より, } q = -\frac{1}{2}, b = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\therefore |2aq| = \left| 2 \cdot 1 \cdot \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right) \right|$$

$$= \underline{\underline{1}}$$